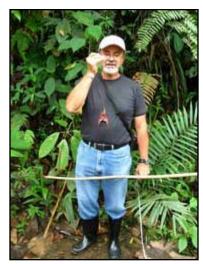
Orchid Collection

Vol. 34, No. 5 - January, 2013

Genesee Region Orchid Society, Inc. http://www.geneseeorchid.org

NEXT MEETING: MONDAY, JANUARY 7, 2013

"Orchids 101" 6:00 р.т 🏶 Social "Hour" 7:00 - 7:15 р.т. 🏶 Meeting begins at 7:15 р.т. Senior Lounge, Tewish Community Center, 1200 Edgewood Ave., Rochester, NY

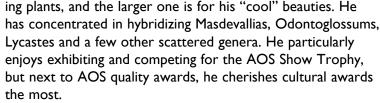


Mario Ferrusi

his month we are pleased to welcome back Mario Ferrusi, who comes to us from the Great White North. Mario is an expert grower, an AOS Judge, and the owner of Marsh Hollow Orchids in Fenwick, Ontario, Canada. Members will remember the most interesting talk Mario gave us last time on the culture of specimen plants. Mario's talk this year will be on that beautiful orchid species "Lycaste skinneri and its Hybrids."

Mario started growing orchids in 1980 with a hybrid Phalaenopsis. He quickly learned to like the weird and unusual, i.e. Masdevallias, Draculas and everything in the cool-growing range. He has served as Membership chair, Show Chair and recently president of Ontario's largest society, the Southern Ontario Orchid Society. He became an accredited AOS judge in 1998, and was Chair of the Toronto Judging Center for five years. Mario is also a two term AOS trustee.

Mario has two greenhouses: the smaller one is for intermediate to warm grow-





Lycaste skinneri v. alba, GROS Spring Show 2006. Grown by Alan & Sue Salzman. Photo ©Phil Matt

Please note that Mario will be bringing plants for sale to our meeting - so there will be no member sales at this month's meeting. He will also be accepting pre-orders from his website, or you may contact him by e-mail/phone with no shipping charges for all GROS members who order ahead! Visit his site, make note of what plants you would like, and email Mario with your request ASAP. Be sure to identify yourself as a GROS member. The last date for preorders is January 4th. Mario's web site is http://www.marshhollow.com

Plans are still in the works for taking Mario to dinner on the meeting night; please watch the GROS website for late-breaking news. The Show Table will be back, as usual, so please don't forget to bring your flowering plants. We'll see you there!

IN THIS ISSUE:

AOS Monthly Checklist \$2



AOS Monthly Checklist for January and **February**



Cattleya trianae 'Mary Fennel' HCC/AOS is a good example of this winter-blooming species.

Cattleya

Watering and fertilizing will be at a minimum, as will potting. Be on the lookout for senescing sheaths on your winter-into-spring bloomers. Careful removal of the dying sheaths will still allow buds to develop without the danger of condensation-induced rot. Low light will lead to weak spikes, so, and as noted above, staking is critical. If you have a chance to get out to nurseries, there may still be a chance to acquire good plants in sheath for spring bloom. Getting them now not only ensures that you'll have them, but allows them to acclimate to your conditions and bloom at their best.

Cymbidium

We are well into the flowering season now. Outdoor growers should be cautious of freezing temperatures. Damage starts to occur below 30 F. Be diligent about tying the inflorescences for best arrangement of the flowers. Also watch closely for slugs and snails. If weather is quite wet, protect the plants from the rain and this will help to reduce the risk of botrytis spotting.

The most glorious of all orchids, Lycaste, will be moving toward their flowering season. Make sure the palm-like leaves do not interfere with the emerging inflorescences. Tying them loosely together often is helpful. Some growers cut the leaves off at the pseudobulb, but this removes part of the attractiveness of this elegant orchid. Resist picking up the plant to inspect those beautiful buds and then setting it down in all different directions as the flower buds will be forced to re-orient themselves to the light source each time and will not open as nicely as they should. Keep plants a little drier during the shorter days.

Odontoglossums

Odontoglossums and their intergeneric hybrids offer a great splash of color now. Though once thought of as being difficult to grow and requiring cool temperatures due to the emphasis on odontoglossum breeding, the new intergeneric hybrids made using Oncidium and Brassia, for example, are just the opposite. These plants are quite content in more intermediate conditions. New growths generally emerge in the spring, later forming beautiful plump pseudobulbs. Look for the flower spikes to emerge from the inner



In the fall Phalaenopsis should start initiating flower spikes. Infloresences should be well developed by mid-January.

sheath of the pseudobulb. If your plant's pseudobulbs are shriveled, then the plants have been kept too dry or too wet. Inspect the roots to determine which condition prevailed. If the lead pseudobulb is large, plump and green (and back bulbs are shriveled) but no flower spike is evident, the plants may have been kept too dry.

Paphiopedilum

The standard Paphiopedilum insigne-derived hybrids, which are called "bull dogs" and "toads," are at their peak. Unlike most other orchids, they can even be potted while in bud. There really is no wrong time to pot a paphiopedilum, and no other orchid responds so favorably to fresh mix and a cleanup. Keep an eye on watering until roots begin to grow.

Phalaenopsis

Now is the peak of spike development, with the first plants in full flower. Staking and plant preparation is a must for those all-important spring shows. Correct staking now will give a better display and also make it much easier to transport to your society meetings and shows. Care with watering is vital to avoid mechanical damage to the flowers, as well as rot-related problems. Keep spent blooms cleaned up to avoid botrytis inoculation. Do not repot this month. Now you'll be seeing lots of phalaenopsis at orchid shows and sales.

Zygopetalum

For the most part, the flowering season will have ended for this group, providing the grower a chance to do some repotting. The plants will then have a chance to become well established before the hotter months of summer arrive. Most growers use bark mixes, but some exceptional results have been seen lately using rock-wool blends. You may want to try this mix, but do not change your whole collection over to this new media until you are sure it is right for you. First, experiment with a few plants to see how they respond.

(The AOS thanks Ned Nash and James Rose for this essay.)

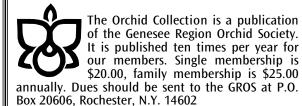
- From the American Orchid Society website, http://www.aos.org. The AOS thanks Ned Nash and James Rose for this essay.





Beginning in January, members of the American Orchid Society will be able to access a digital version of "Orchids" magazine.

The same great printed publication will now be available in digital form! For more details, please see: http://www.aos.org



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